



BA DENTAL, founded in 2010, offers high-quality dental products and services in a clean and safe production environment. In 2020, the company began implant production under the OPUSVI Implant brand. All products are manufactured by a team of experienced members in the dental implant industry, based on scientific evidence and proven concepts, ensuring reliability and high quality. Our goal is to meet the satisfaction of both dentists and patients with a better implant system, based on long-term research and development experience in the field of dental implantology.

opusvi
implant





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RESEARCH AND DEVELOPMENT

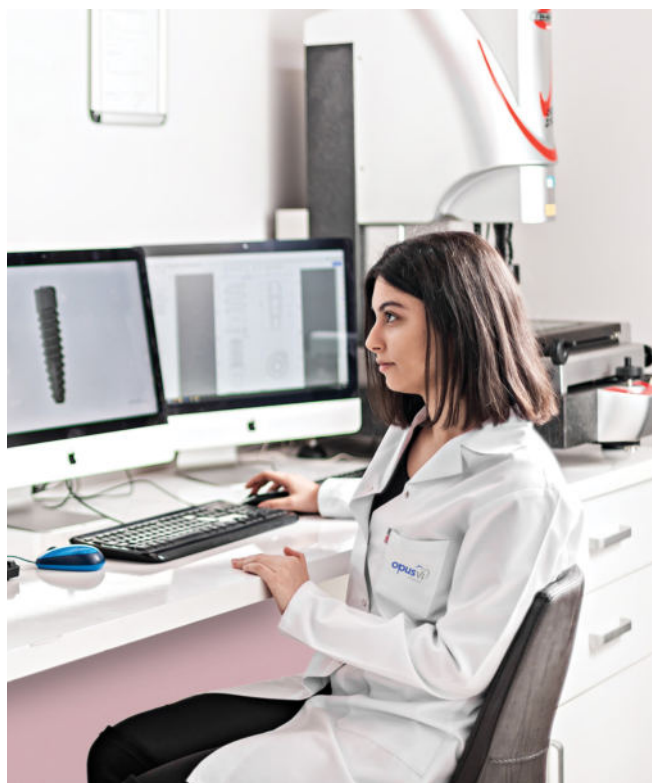
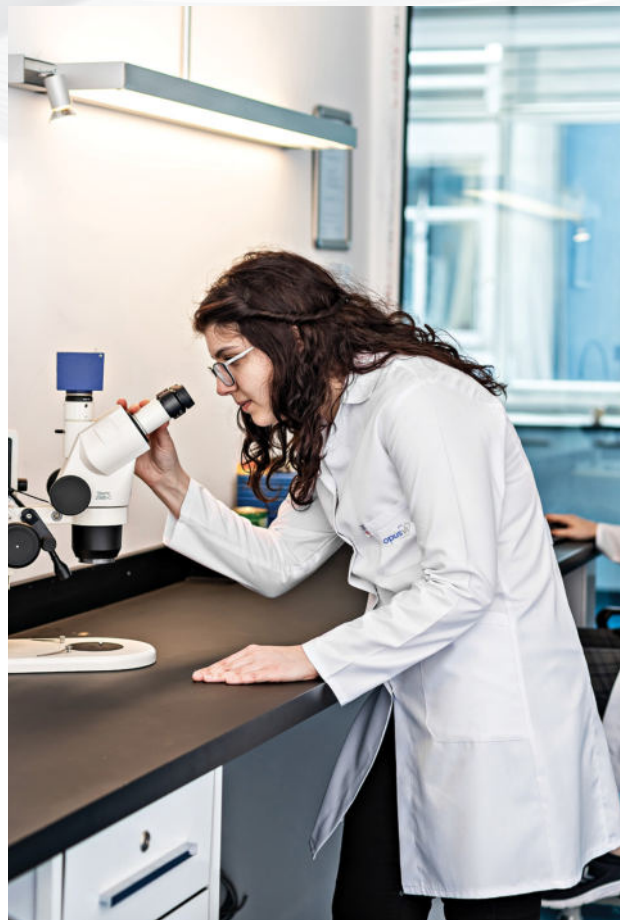
Since our establishment, OPUSVI's research teams have been in close collaboration with leading clinics, research institutes, and universities, accumulating scientific data that provide approval for our products, which meet exceptional quality standards. Studies are being conducted on material surfaces, and technical analyses are being carried out for new products. Through applied research, testing, and analysis, we aim to introduce new systems and products to the industry.

PRODUCTION

Engineers, mechanical and technical experts become an integral part of the manufacturing process. All innovations introduced during the production stages and the features of the finished products are the result of consistent and in-depth studies, as well as significant investments.

QUALITY CONTROL

The high quality of OPUSVI products is the result of sophisticated manufacturing techniques and precise quality control in compliance with regulations. The products are inspected by different quality control authorities using measurement devices with the highest precision, capable of detecting up to one-tenth of a millimeter (1/10,000) and high-precision transition



CLEAN ROOM

A clean room is a controlled working environment established for production and research purposes, where the air is purified of dust and other particles as much as possible, with controlled temperature and humidity. After the surface treatment, the implants are brought to this unit for packaging. Our products are packaged in three stages to ensure maximum sterilization.



SURFACE CLEANING

The products leaving the production are cleaned in a controlled manner using our planned washing and drying program in the device. The highest success rate is achieved as a result of the cleaning process.

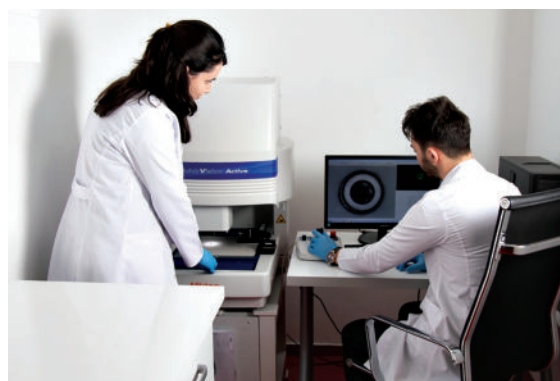


MEASUREMENT

The internal measurement of the implant is performed using a measurement device. Touch-trigger probes are used to support the measurement of sample characteristics that cannot be inspected visually alone. This capability in the device ensures extremely high precision measurements.

Surface roughness is measured using the RA measurement device. Surface roughness is a precise quality criterion that indicates the quality of a product and affects the joining surface of two parts. Surface roughness must always be well-designed on both macro and micro levels to ensure compatibility with the biomechanical properties of the jaw.

The RA surface roughness value is the absolute arithmetic average of the profile fluctuations that occur upwards from the center of the material. The RA values we obtain for the implant are between 2.5-3 μm .



IMPLANTOLOGY

Implantology has become a natural part of dental treatment. On one hand, extensive research and development, and on the other hand, the comprehensive expertise of dentists and dental technicians, have made implants a routine procedure for their benefits today. The foundation of the OPUSVI implant system is built on this solid structure. Through comprehensive communication with specialists from clinics and dental offices, it has combined proven concepts with innovative solutions, taking future demands into account.

Dental implants placed in the jawbone function as tooth roots. They provide better chewing and speaking functions compared to bridges and traditional dentures because they carry features that most resemble natural teeth. They offer a more natural and aesthetic appearance. When combined with correct and sufficient knowledge, experience, and equipment, successful results can be achieved. Dental implants can be used for many years as long as the necessary care is provided. The patient's current bone condition and systemic diseases are very important for implants. With the latest technology, most patients are made suitable for implant treatment. The OPUSVI Implant System contains minimum components with maximum flexibility. It can be used for all indications and positions in the mouth. Your trust in us is based on scientific evidence. Therefore, since our establishment, OPUSVI's research teams have been in close collaboration with leading clinics, research institutes, and universities, accumulating scientific data that ensures the validity of our products, which meet extraordinary quality standards.

Tooth loss is a very common issue; therefore, the use of dental implants has become a widespread practice. Research on dental implant designs, materials, and techniques has increased in recent years, and although it is expected to expand in the future, there is still much work to be done on better biomaterial usage, implant design, surface modification, and the functionalization of surfaces.

The diameter values range from 3.4 to 4.8, and the length values are available in 8, 10, 12, and 14 mm, offering high-quality implant systems. All of our implants are produced from titanium alloy Ti-Grade4 raw material and are manufactured in compliance with ISO5832-2 standards. Titanium has the ability to fully integrate with bone. When combined with the advantages of strength and durability, this property makes titanium an ideal material for implants. Thanks to the flawless internal structure of the OPUSVI IMPLANT System, a perfect abutment-implant connection is achieved, and no micro-gaps are formed. It ensures the long-term durability of the implant, preventing issues such as screw breakage or loosening.



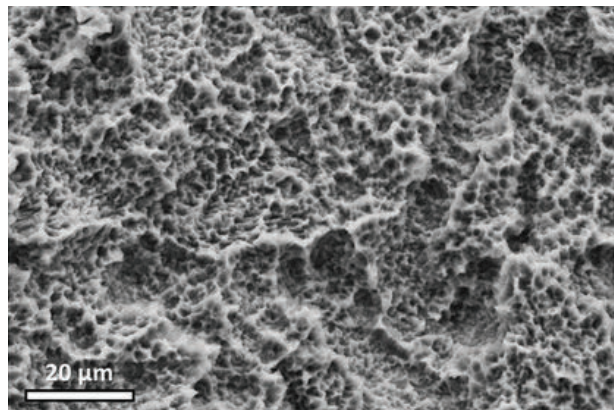
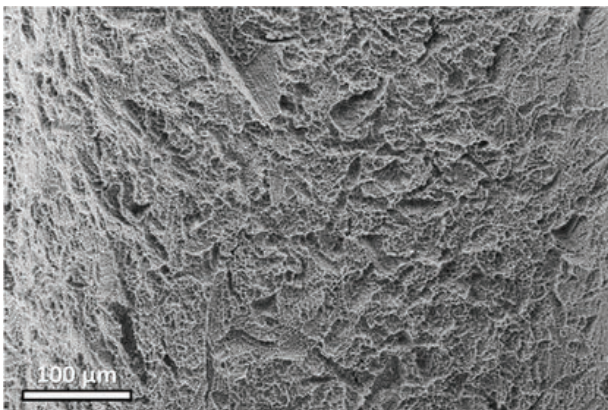
IMPLANT SURFACE

The osseointegration rate and quality of dental implants are related to their surface roughness and composition. Today, titanium and titanium alloys are considered the best materials for providing bone connection. To further enhance the biological acceptability of titanium implants, various surface treatments are applied to the implants. The main purpose of these surface treatments is to adapt the surface topography and surface energy. This way, wettability, cell proliferation, cell growth, and bone apposition increase, thus accelerating the osseointegration process.

The osseointegration process occurs in two stages. In the first stage, the implant material placed directly contacts the bone. During this period, there is no bonding structure between the bone and the organic structure. In this initial stage, which lasts until the formation of the biological structure, due to the absence of bonding structures, there is more mechanical interaction between the implant and its surrounding area. In the second stage of the osseointegration process, observed in studies, the titanium implant in contact with the bone is covered by soft fibrous tissue. The capsule structure surrounding the dental implant must be formed with the correct thickness and structure in order to withstand the loads applied to the implant and ensure it is fixed to the bone appropriately. These two processes are crucial for preventing implant failure and ensuring the long-term performance of the implant. The SLA surface treatment is particularly effective in promoting osseointegration.



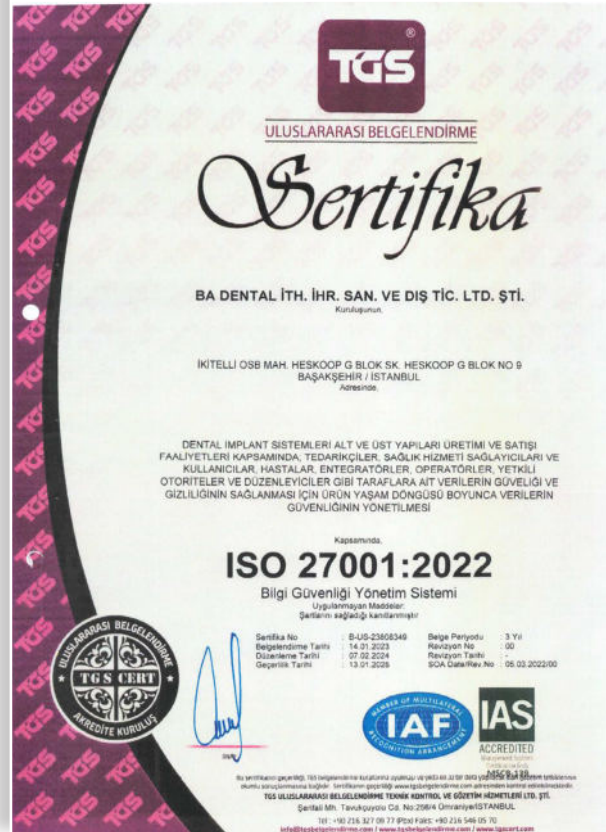
The surface preparation process for osseointegration typically lasts between 6 to 8 weeks, and the SLA (Sandblasted, Large Grit, Acid-Etched) surface method is used. SLA is not a surface coating. It involves a sandblasting process applied to roughen the surface.

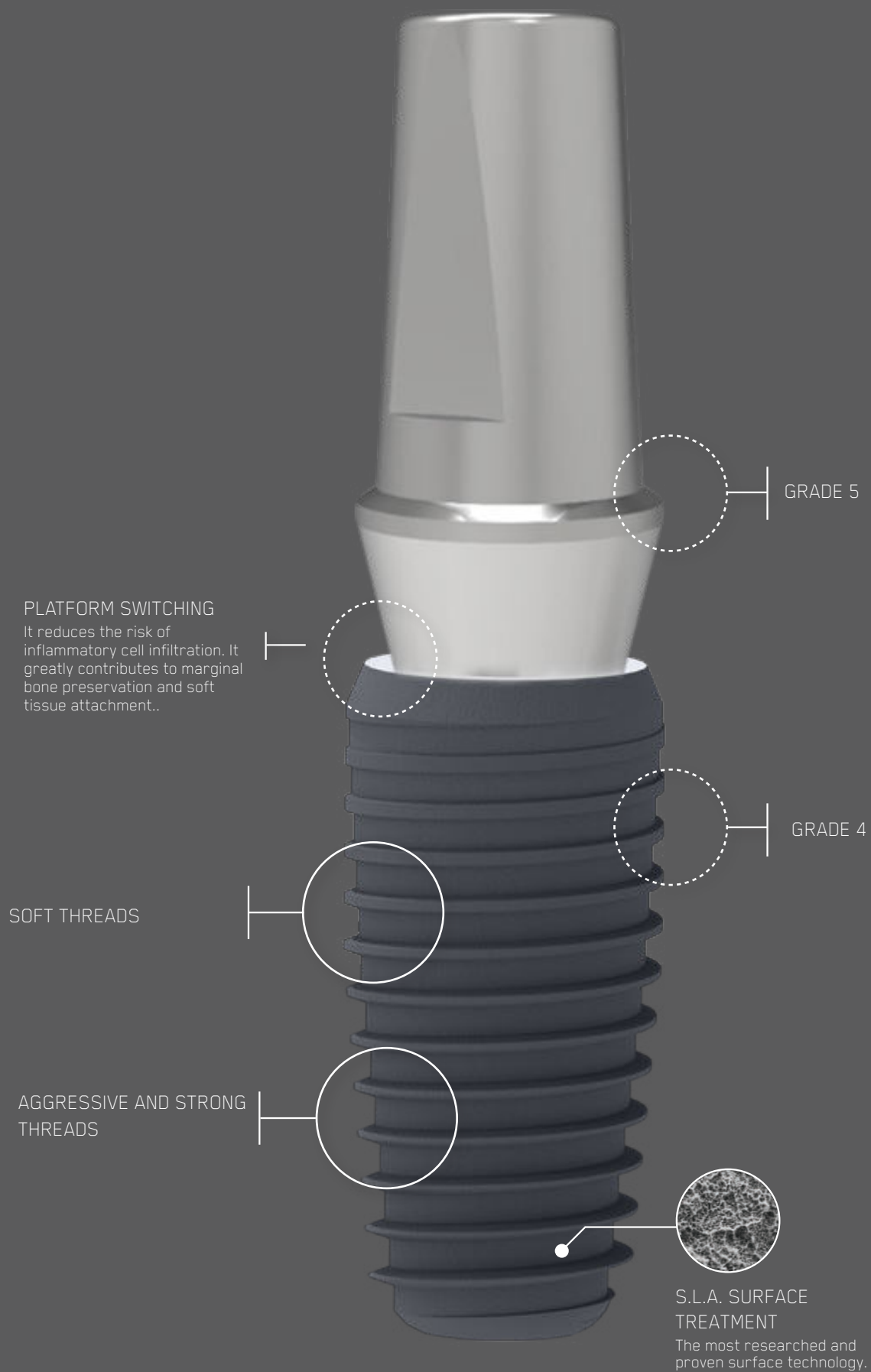


Implant SLA surface SEM image.

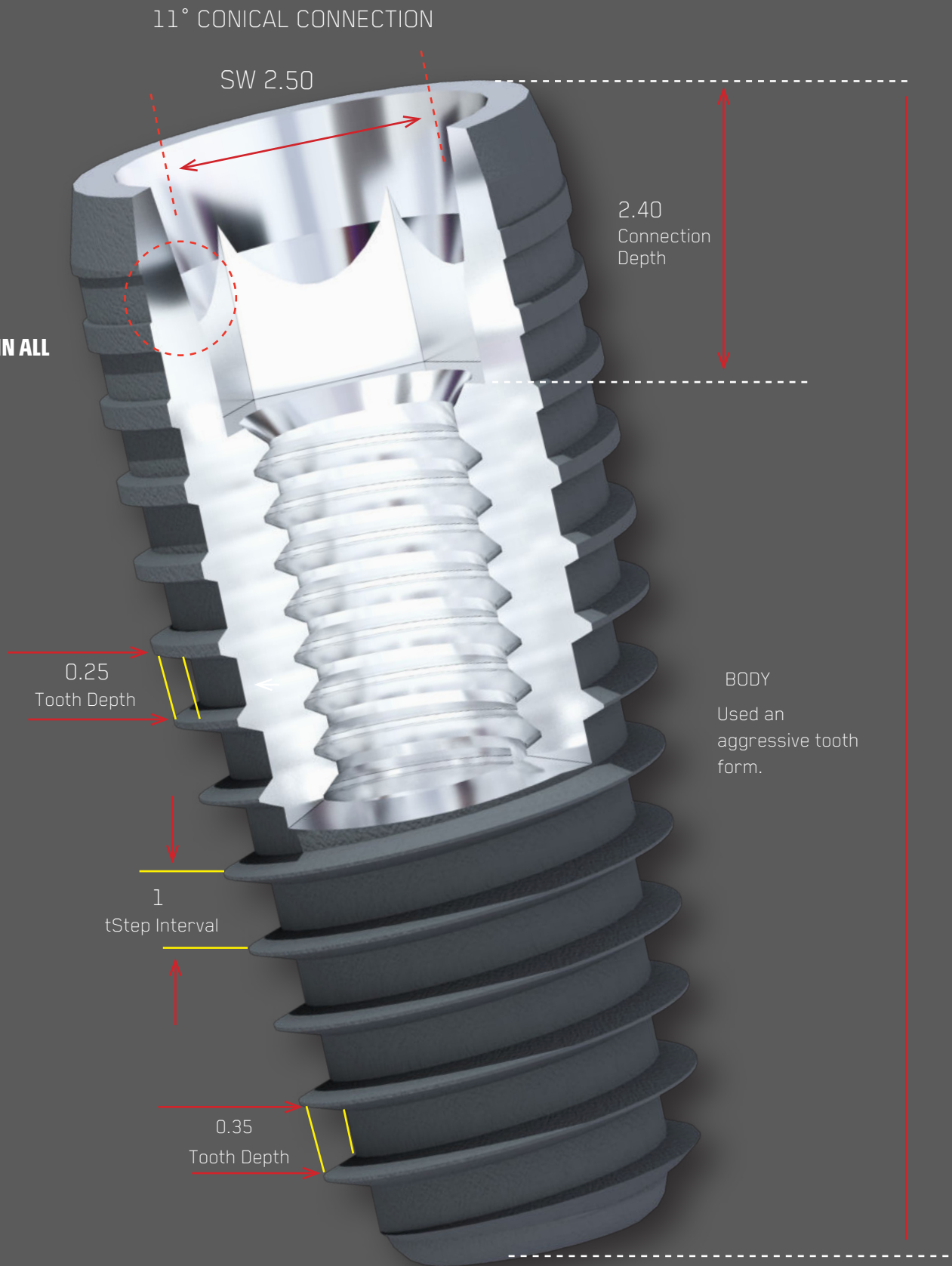
The implant screw and all surfaces are uniformly sandblasted. After the sandblasting process, an acid etching group is applied at high temperatures. As a result, fine-sized 2-2.5 micrometer micro-pores are observed on the implant surface. This unique macro/micro topography reduces the possibility of bacterial colonization while providing an ideal structure for cell attachment. SLA implant surfaces are moderately rough. The roughness degree is consistent across the entire implant surface. The SLA system is the surface treatment system that provides the highest success rate in healing.







CONNECTION IN ALL IMPLANTS



The S.L.A (Sandblasted, Large-grit, Acid-etched) surface is a surface treatment used in dental implants. This technique optimizes the implant's surface through micro and macro roughening. The process is carried out first by sandblasting with large-grit sand and then by acid etching. Its advantages include:

- Increased bone-implant integration (osseointegration): The rough surface facilitates the attachment of osteoblasts.
- Fast healing process: Micro-roughness allows better adhesion of bone cells to the surface.
- High success rate: The S.L.A. surface enhances the long-term stability of the implant.

Ø3.5

D (Ø)	H	REF NO.
3.5	8	140/1415
3.5	10	140/1419
3.5	12	140/1423
3.5	14	140/1427



Ø4.0

D (Ø)	H	REF NO.
4.0	6	140/1431
4.0	8	140/1435
4.0	10	140/1439
4.0	12	140/1443
4.0	14	140/1447



Cover Screw

H

Ø3.2

REF No.

5.32

170/0084

1.20 Machine
Hex Driver

H

24.16

180/0098

30.50

180/0097

1.20 Torque
Hex Driver

H

7

180/0096

19

180/0094

Ø4.5

D (Ø)	H	REF NO.
4.5	6	140/1451
4.5	8	140/1455
4.5	10	140/1459
4.5	12	140/1463
4.5	14	140/1467



Ø5.0

D (Ø)	H	REF NO.
5.0	6	140/1471
5.0	8	140/1475
5.0	10	140/1479
5.0	12	140/1483
5.0	14	140/1487



Cover Screw

H

Ø3.2

REF No.

5.32

170/0084

1.20 Machine
Hex Driver

H

24.16

180/0098

30.50

180/0097

1.20 Torque
Hex Driver

H

7

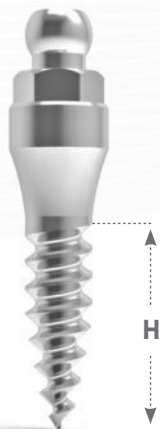
180/0096

19

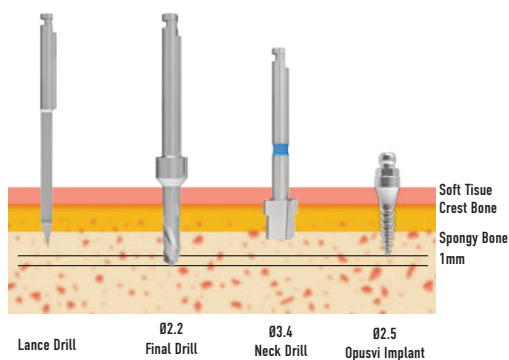
180/0094

Temporary Implant: Micro-mini dental implants are used until the permanent implant heals and the permanent teeth are placed. This way, the patient never remains without teeth and feels socially comfortable.

O-RING IMPLANT



D (Ø)	H	REF NO.
2.5	8	140/1591
2.5	10	140/1592
2.5	12	140/1593



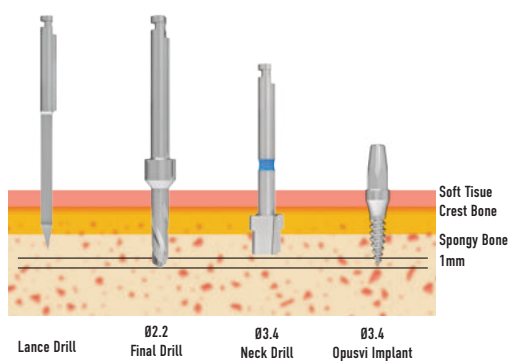
It is recommended that the implant be placed 1 mm below the bone level when sent with the implant key.



BAR KEY

BAR KEY
Ref No. 220/0969

D (Ø)	H	REF NO.
2.5	8	140/1597
2.5	10	140/1598
2.5	12	140/1599



It is recommended that the implant be placed 1 mm below the bone level when inserted using the implant key.

ABUTMENT IMPLANT





SMART SET



BASIC SET

A surgical set is a collection of medical instruments brought together for use during surgery, designed to meet the needs of a specific surgical procedure. It is typically prepared under sterile conditions and contains various instruments specific to different types of surgeries. These sets are tailored to ensure the proper performance and safety during the operation, offering the required tools for precise and effective procedures.

OPEN SPOON

The process of using the Measurement Post involves replicating the position of the dental implant in the mouth, creating an exact copy of the patient's dental implant's shape, size, and position.

It provides a special screw design and allows for manual use.

It is used by placing a 1.25mm key on the transfer screw and tightening the transfer screw.

The narrow design allows access in limited spaces between adjacent teeth.

The open spoon measurement post provides more precise measurements..



DEFINITION	H	REF NO.
Open Spoon Measurement Post Long	19.45	150/0010
Long Screw	30.30	150/0011



DEFINITION	H	REF NO.
Open Spoon Measurement Post Short	14.00	150/0008
Short Screw	26.23	150/0009

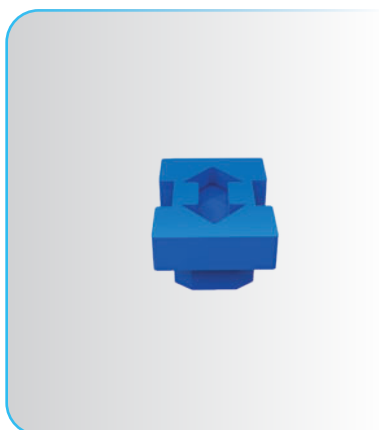
CLOSE SPOON

The use of the impression post involves replicating the position of the dental implant in the mouth, creating an exact copy of the patient's dental implant's shape, size, and position. It provides a special screw design and manual usage.

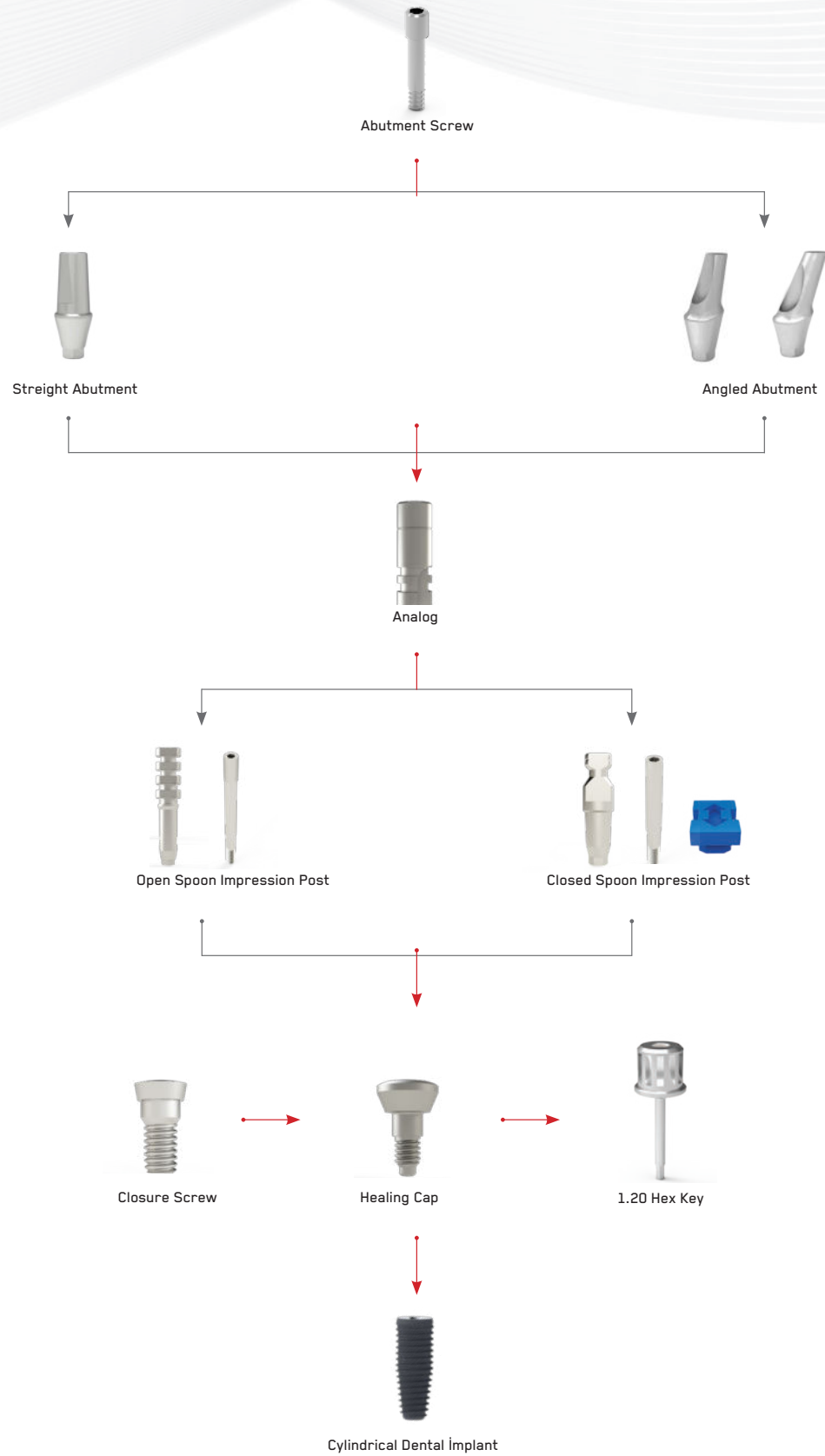
The transfer screw is used by placing a 1.25mm key on top of the transfer screw to tighten it. The narrow design allows for impressions in restricted spaces between adjacent teeth.



DEFINITION	H	REF NO.
Closed Spoon Impression Post Short	14.45	150/0013
Closed Spoon Impression Post Screw	30.30	150/0014



DEFINITION	H	REF NO.
Closed Spoon Impression Post Plastic	19.45	150/0036



HEX

Plastic Abutment:

It can be used for custom casting prosthetic restorations in single or multiple implants.

Ø3.5	Ø4.0	Ø4.5	Ø5.0
Ref No. 020/0000			

**NON-HEX: CYLINDRICAL**

STRUCTURE: Plastic Abutment: It can be used for custom casting prosthetic restorations in single or multiple implants.

Ø3.5	Ø4.0	Ø4.5	Ø5.0
Ref No. 020/0001			

**HEX**

Bridge Plastic: Can be used for custom casting prosthetic restorations in single or multiple implants.

Ø3.5	Ø4.0	Ø4.5	Ø5.0
Ref No. 020/0002			

**NON-HEX: CYLINDRICAL STRUCTURE**

Bridge Plastic: Can be used for custom casting prosthetic restorations in single or multiple implants.

Ø3.5	Ø4.0	Ø4.5	Ø5.0
Ref No. 020/0003			

**TEMPORARY PLASTIC ABUTMENT**

In the first stage of surgery, it can be placed to shape the gum without compromising osseointegration. PEE is a biocompatible plastic that is nearly as durable as titanium, but with a smoother surface. It provides a highly aesthetic temporary restoration that can be easily polished and shaped, ensuring long-lasting results.

Recommended Torque
Value: Max. 30 Ncm.

Ø3.5	Ø4.0	Ø4.5	Ø5.0
Ref No. 020/0000			

**PLASTIC (CR-V) ABUTMENT**

It consists of two parts. The upper part is made of pom plastic, and the lower connection section is made of Cr-V.

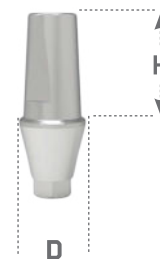
Ø3.5	Ø4.0	Ø4.5	Ø5.0
Ref No. 150/0037			



In the implant system, the soft tissue profile obtained with different healing abutments and transferred to the model with a transfer piece that has the same exit profile as the healing abutment is preserved by being restored with abutment options that are in perfect harmony with this profile. This ensures long-term soft tissue health. The final link in the sequence of complementary components is the abutments used for the permanent restoration.

Ø4.5

D	H	GH	REF NO.
4.5	7	1	010/1010
4.5	7	2	010/1012
4.5	7	3	010/1014
4.5	7	5	010/1018

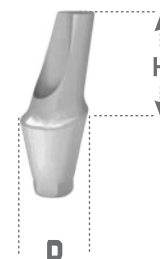


Recommended Torque Value: Max. 30 Ncm.

Angled abutments are used when dental implants are not placed parallel to adjacent teeth or implants. The clinician may use angled abutments to achieve appropriate restorative contours. During implant surgery, particularly due to regional bone variations in the upper jaw, implants placed at incompatible angles with each other may require the use of angled abutments.

Ø4.5

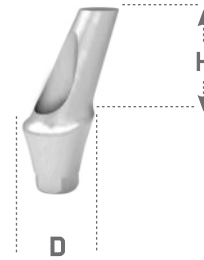
D	H	GH	REF NO.
4.5	7	1	040/1010
4.5	7	2	040/1012
4.5	7	3	040/1014
4.5	7	5	040/1018



Recommended Torque Value: Max. 30 Ncm.

These abutments are provided to resolve orientation and parallelism issues that may occur during restoration. The selection of the abutment size depends on the vertical distance between the fixture base and the opposing teeth, the existing circular depth, and the aesthetic requirements of the restored area.

Ø4.5	D	H	GH	REF NO.
	4.5	7	1	050/1010
	4.5	7	2	050/1012
	4.5	7	3	050/1014
	4.5	7	5	050/1018

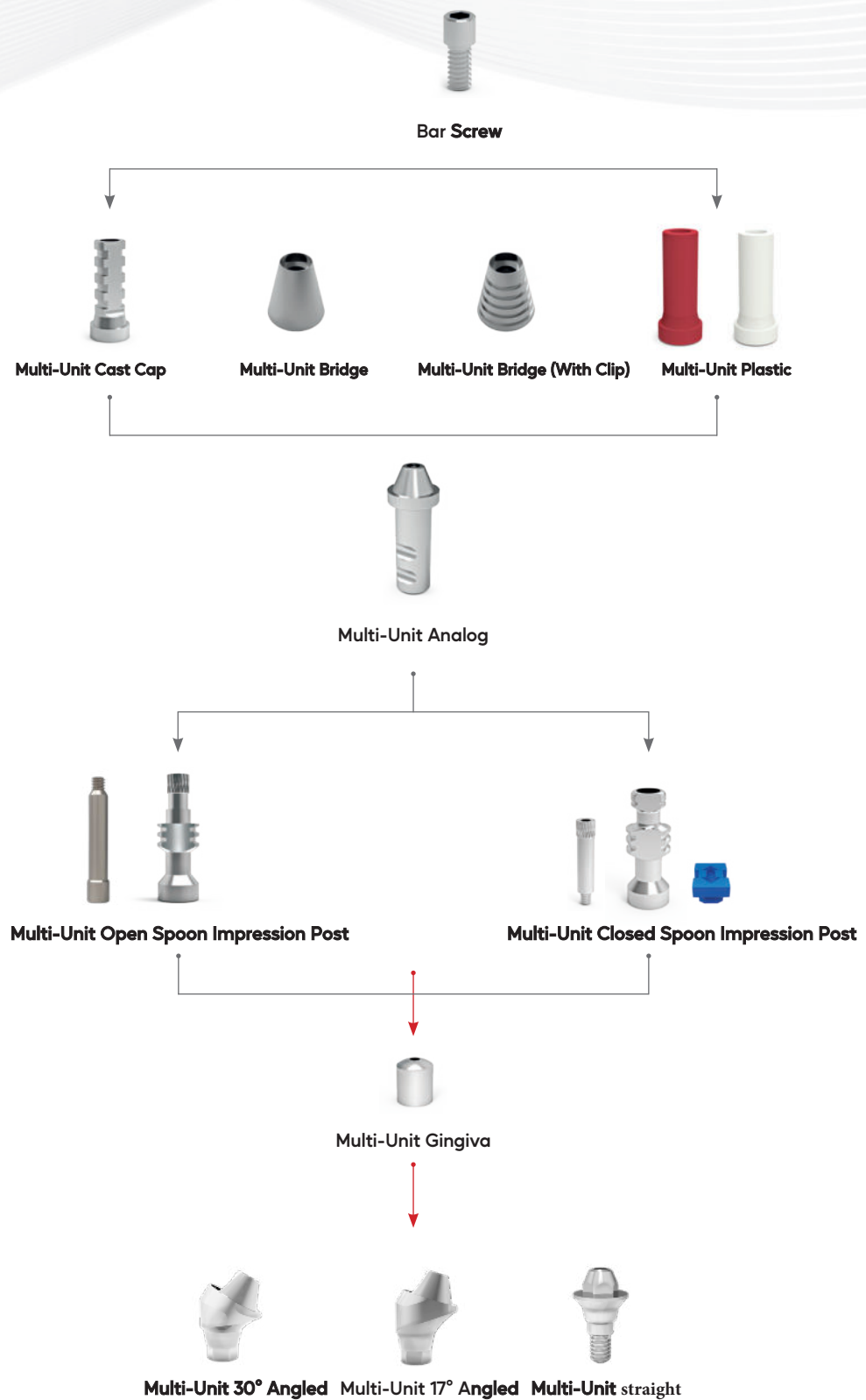


Recommended Torque Value: Max. 30 Ncm.

Healing caps are designed to assist in the faster healing of the soft tissue surrounding the implant area. The healing caps, designed according to diameter and height, can be selected based on the needs and requirements of a specific clinical case, while preserving the emergence profile and final abutment needed for this process.

Ø4.5	D	GH	REF NO.
	4.5	1	160/1993
	4.5	2	160/1995
	4.5	3	160/1997
	4.5	4	160/1999
	4.5	5	160/2001
	4.5	6	160/2003
	4.5	7	160/2005





The recommended torque value for the Multi-Unit main abutment is 30 Ncm. The recommended torque value for the upper connection screw is 15 Ncm.

Premil abutments are "patient-specific" abutments that are fully produced according to the size of the patient's teeth. The abutments are specially designed and manufactured for the patient using CAD / CAM technology, taking into account the angle of the implant applied to the patient, the shape and structure of the tooth, and the relationship with the surrounding tissues.

PREMILL ABUTMENT

Ref No. 400/0086



Ti-Base is a product used for the digital recording of an implant's position and for providing restorations to implants.

TI-BASE ABUTMENT

GH 1.5: Ref No. 350/0310

GH 3: Ref No. 350/0312



It is designed to be used as dental implant replicas placed on a 3D printed or milled model to replicate the position, orientation, and restorative platform of the implant placed in the mouth.

DIM ANALOG - DIGITAL ANALOG

Ref No. 150/0026



It represents the position and orientation of the relevant dental implant or analog in CAD/CAM scanning procedures.

SCAN-BODY DIGITAL SCANNING HEAD

Ref No. 150/0034



Multi-Unit Scanning.

MULTI-UNIT SCAN BODY

Ref No. 150/0034



Ball-attachment abutments are small titanium anchors that are permanently positioned in dental implants. The abutments are used with a metal body and silicone caps. Silicone caps are available in various retention degrees. Ball-attachment abutments provide strong retention by helping stabilize excessive retention.



GH	REF NO.
1	100/0202
2	100/0204
3	100/0206
4	100/0208
5	100/0210

Recommended Torque Value: Max. 30 Ncm



BAR KEY

Ref No. 220/0969



METAL CAP

Ref No. 150/0027



STANDARD BALL-TYPE SPHERICAL ATTACHMENT

Ref No. 150/0028



STANDARD BALL-TYPE SPHERICAL ATTACHMENT

Ref No. 150/0029



MULTI-UNIT ANALOG STANDARD BALL-TYPE SPHERICAL

Ref No. 150/0030

Locator, overdenture-implant connection system, is designed for use with full or partial dentures supported by endosseous implants in the mandible or maxilla.



GH	REF NO.
1	230/0223
2	230/0225
3	230/0227
5	230/0229
7	230/0231

Recommended Torque Value: Max. 30 Ncm



LOCATOR KEY
LONG - Ref No. 230/0427
SHORT - Ref No. 230/0429



PLASTIC

Ref No. 230/0013

TITANIUM

Ref No. 230/0015

It is carefully designed to rehabilitate both edentulous and partially edentulous arches, especially when using the clinically and scientifically proven Multi-Unit treatment concept



GH	REF NO.
1	220/0540
3	220/0542
5	220/0544

Recommended Torque Value: Max. 30 Ncm / Bar screw: 15 Ncm



MULTI-UNIT OPEN TRAY IMPRESSION POST

Ref No. 150/0016



MULTI-UNIT CLOSED TRAY IMPRESSION POST

Ref No. 150/0018



MULTI-UNIT ANALOG

Ref No. 150/0020



MULTI-UNIT IMMEDIATE LOADING

Ref No. 220/0637



MULTI-UNIT BRIDGE (WITH HOOKS)

Ref No. 220/0639



MULTI-UNIT BRIDGE

Ref No. 150/00038



MULTI-UNIT BAR SCREW

Ref No. 220/0251



MULTI-UNIT GINGIVA

GH: 4 - Ref No. 220/0110

GH: 5 - Ref No. 220/0112

GH: 7 - Ref No. 220/0114



MULTI-UNIT TRANSFER KEY

Ref No. 220/0964



MULTI-UNIT CASTING CAP WHITE / RED

Ref No. 150/0035

Recommended Torque Value: Max. 15 Ncm

It was carefully designed to rehabilitate both edentulous and partially edentulous arches using the clinically and scientifically proven Multi-Unit treatment concept.



GH	REF NO.
1	200/0111
3	200/0113
5	200/0115

Recommended Torque Value: Max. 30 Ncm / Bar screw: 15 Ncm



MULTI-UNIT OPEN TRAY IMPRESSION POST

Ref No. 150/0016



MULTI-UNIT CLOSED TRAY IMPRESSION POST

Ref No. 150/0018



MULTI-UNIT ANALOG

Ref No. 150/0020



MULTI-UNIT IMMEDIATE LOADING

Ref No. 220/0637



MULTI-UNIT BRIDGE WITH CLIP

Ref No. 220/0639



MULTI -UNIT BRIDGE

Ref No. 150/00038



MULTI-UNIT BAR SCREW

Ref No. 220/0251



MULTI-UNIT GINGIVA

GH: 4 - Ref No. 220/0110

GH: 5 - Ref No. 220/0112

GH: 7 - Ref No. 220/0114



MULTI-UNIT TRANSFER KEY

Ref No. 220/0964



MULTI-UNIT CASTING CAP WHITE / RED

Ref No. 150/0035

Recommended Torque Value: Max. 15 Ncm

It is carefully designed to rehabilitate both edentulous and partially edentulous arches while using the clinically and scientifically proven Multi-Unit treatment concept.



GH	REF NO.
1	210/0111
3	210/0113
5	210/0115

Recommended Torque Value: Max. 30 Ncm / Bar screw: 15 Ncm



MULTI-UNIT OPEN TRAY IMPRESSION POST

Ref No. 150/0016



MULTI-UNIT CLOSED TRAY IMPRESSION

Ref No. 150/0018



MULTI-UNIT ANALOG

Ref No. 150/0020



MULTI-UNIT IMMEDIATE LOADING

Ref No. 220/0637



MULTI-UNIT BRIDGE (HOOKED)

Ref No. 220/0639



MULTI-UNIT BRIDGE

Ref No. 150/00038



MULTI-UNIT BAR SCREW

Ref No. 220/0251



MULTI-UNIT GINGIVA

GH: 4 - Ref No. 220/0110

GH: 5 - Ref No. 220/0112

GH: 7 - Ref No. 220/0114



MULTI-UNIT TRANSFER KEY

Ref No. 220/0964



MULTI-UNIT CASTING CAP WHITE / RED

Ref No. 150/0035

Recommended Torque Value: Max. 15 Ncm



It is designed to be used with a guide to drill the implant area and is a bidirectional tool that can be used to torque implants.

TORQUE ADJUSTABLE RASET

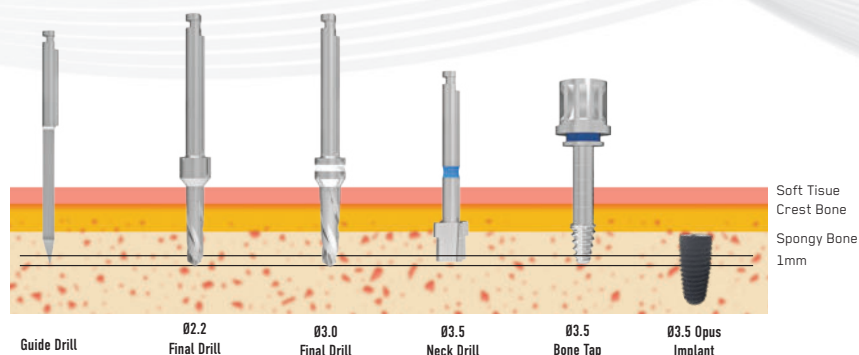
Ref No. 180/0093

It allows dental surgeons to adjust bone level implants to 3.4, 3.8, 4.2, and 4.8 implant diameters in as few steps as possible. This means that practitioners can benefit from maximum comfort. The drill maximizes drilling power with a unique drill design that skips the intermediate drilling step, resulting in a smooth but fast drilling process that maximizes bone contact with the implant. The excellent drilling power of the drill simultaneously minimizes heat buildup, maintaining a low drill temperature. The shape of the conical drill ensures that it also functions as a pilot drill, preventing splashing during the drilling process

Ø3.5 IMPLANT

Ø3.5

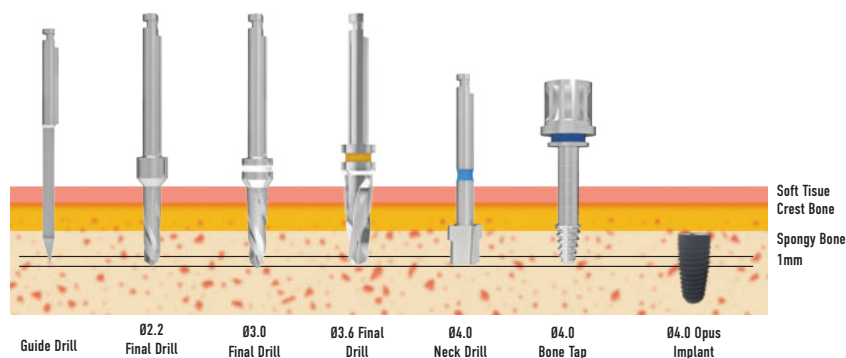
D	H	REF NO.
3.5	6	110/0361
3.5	8	110/0362
3.5	10	110/0363
3.5	12	110/0364



DENTAL IMPLANT DRILL

Ø4.0

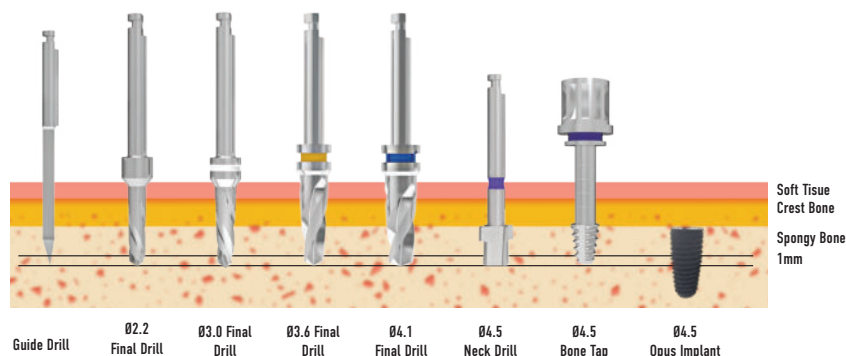
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4.0	8	110/0367
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4.0	12	110/0369
4.0	14	110/0365



DENTAL IMPLANT DRILL

Ø4.5

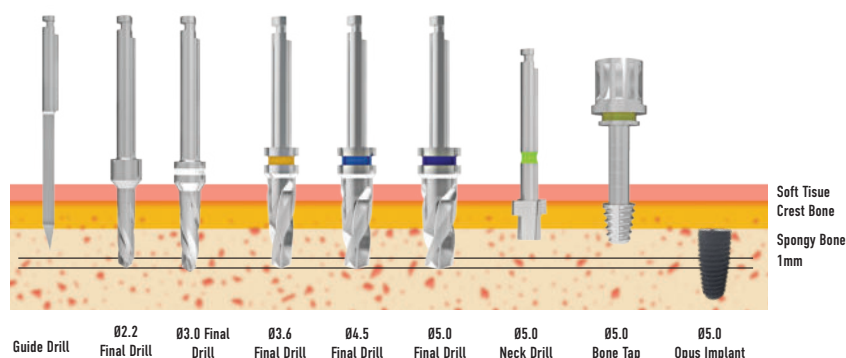
D	H	REF NO.
4.5	6	110/0371
4.5	8	110/0372
4.5	10	110/0373
4.5	12	110/0374
4.5	14	110/0370



DENTAL IMPLANT DRILL

Ø5.0

D	H	REF NO.
5.0	6	110/0376
5.0	8	110/0377
5.0	10	110/0378
5.0	12	110/0379
5.0	14	110/0375



It is recommended that the implant be placed 1 mm below the bone level when sent with the implant key. In very hard and cortical bones, a thread-cutting drill should be used. In D4 bones, it is recommended to finish with the previous drill.

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